Conclusions and Significance

• After World War II and the overthrow of the Fascist Dictator Benito Mussolini, the Christian Democratic Party was the political party in Italy that was in power for forty-eight years, from 1946-1994.
• In the late 1970s, the Feminist Movement following World War II in Italy, also known as Rivolta Femminile was formed in Rome and Milan by Carla Lonzi.
• In 1980, Italy signed the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women.
• In 1996, rape laws were amended in Italy. These laws were strengthened the punishment for sexual assault (moral offense to criminal felony).
• Following World War II, Italian culture and way of life were changed. The advancements in technology led to the advancements in Human Thought and the equality of Human Rights.
• Everyone, regardless of gender, deserve basic Human Rights and that is what the women in Italy were fighting for during the 1970s.

References
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